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HAMMARLUND

The Hammartone Manufacturing Couling, 460 West 34th Street, New York 1, N. V.

International Division: 13 East 40th Street, New York 18, N. V.

HQ-150 COMMUNICATIONS RECEIVER

INSTRUCTION AND SERVICE INFORMATION



In order to receive the full unconditional 90-day warranty against defective material and workmanship in this receiver, the warranty card must be filled out and malled within two weeks of purchase.

Please refer to serial number of warranty in correspondence.

THE HAMMARLUND MANUFACTURING CO., INC. 460 West 34th Street : : : New York 1, N.Y.





Figure 1. The HQ-150 Receiver

TUBE COMPLEMENT

Symbol	Туре	Tube	Function
V1	6C4	Triode	Oscillator
$\nabla 2$	6BA6	Remote Cutoff Pentode	RF Amplifier
V3	6BE6	Pentagrid Converter	Mixer
V4	6BA6	Remote Cutoff Pentode	1st IF Amplifier
V5	6BA6	Remote Cutoff Pentode	2nd IF Amplifier
V6	6BA6	Remote Cutoff Pentode	3rd IF Amplifier
V7	6AL5	Twin Diode	Detector, AVC; Noise
V8	12AU7	Twin Triode	1st AF Amplifier: BFO
V9	6V6GT/G	Beam Power	Audio Power Output
V10	0C3/VR105	Voltage Regulator	Voltage Regulator
V11	5U4GB	Full Wave Rectifier	Rectifier
V12	12AX7	Twin Triode	Q Multiplier
V13	6BZ6	Pentode	Crystal Calibrator



INTRODUCTION

The Hammarlund HQ-150 is an advanced design, general purpose, superheterodyne communications receiver designed to maintain high performance characteristics for many years without adjustment. The receiver has a self-contained stabilized power supply operating from a 50-60 cps, 105-125 volt AC source.

Frequency coverage is continuously tunable from 540 KCS to 31 KCS (555 to 9.7 meters) with extremely fine control of selectivity to separate crowded signals. Full use of the receiver's high sensitivity is available for reception of even the weakest stations because of inherently high signal-to-noise ratio and the superior Hammarlund noise limiter. The special patented Hammarlund crystal filter provides optimum selectivity for the high attenuation of closely adjacent interfering signals.

In addition a Q Multiplier is provided for either the accentuation of any desired signal, or the attenuation of any undesired signal, within the pass band of the receiver IF amplifier.

Band spread tuning is available on the four higher frequency ranges, with direct calibration for the 80, 40, 20, 15, and 10 meter amateur bands. Calibration charts for other ranges may be easily made for use with the arbitrary band-spread logging scale.

The receiver is equipped with a Crystal Calibrator which generates 100 KC markers or signals at 100 KC intervals within the frequency range of the receiver.

While this receiver was designed primarily for communications use, good fidelity of music and voice reproduction in both the standard and shortwave broadcast bands is provided. Power ripple is negligible. Either headphones or loudspeaker may be used, with automatic volume control, keeping music and voice reception at a constant level.

The HQ-150 receiver is equipped with an unusually stable beat frequency oscillator which allows you, the operator, a range of audio tones when receiving telegraph or code signals, or excellent single side-band reception when that mode of transmission is being used.

An "S" Meter enables you to obtain accurate reports on received phone signals while the Send-Receive switch and relay connections permit associated transmitter operation without interference.

Large, comfortable and carefully positioned controls make the HQ-150 a truly professional-type receiver, the ideal instrument for operating in extremely crowded shortwave bands.



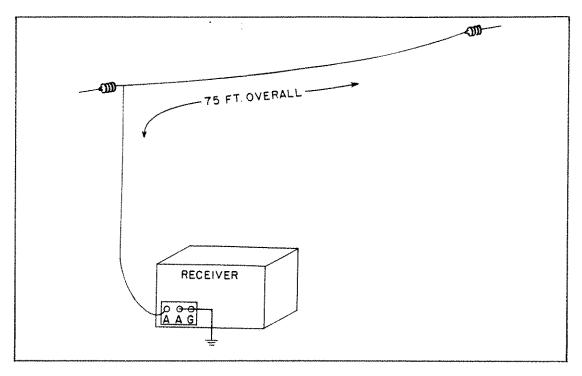


Figure 2. Installation of Single-wire Antenna

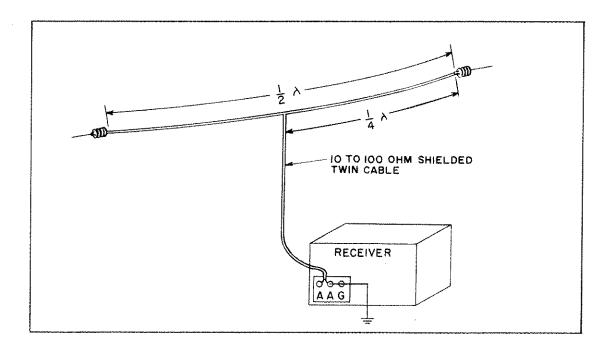


Figure 3. Installation of Folded Dipole Antenna

INSTALLATION

UNPACKING

Unpack the receiver carefully. Make sure that the fuse, tubes, associated tube shields and pilot lamps are in place. Tubes V4, V5, V6, V8, V9, V10 and V11 are not shielded.

CONNECTING RECEIVER

Connect the 6 to 8 ohm permanent magnet dynamic speaker to the two terminals marked SPEAKER on the rear of the receiver chassis (Figure 4). For best performance do not place speaker on top of receiver cabinet. The antenna may then be connected as described under ANTENNA.

INSTALLING ANTENNA

The HQ-150 is designed to work efficiently with a single wire or balanced type of antenna. A good match to most antenna systems of 50 to 300 ohms impedance will be obtained, by use of the antenna trimmer control (Index 7, Figure 5) which is located on the front panel.

For general coverage an indoor antenna of 20 to 50 feet will give surprisingly good reception. A long single wire outdoor antenna such as shown in Figure 2 will generally give entirely satisfactory performance. This wire may be 50 to 75 feet long.

For best reception the antenna should be isolated as much as possible from neighboring objects.

Optimum performance on a particular amateur band or other narrow tuning range will be obtained by using a half-wave dipole or folded dipole fed with 300 ohms or suitable leadin as shown in Figure 3.

The length of the required 1/2 wave-length dipole may be calculated by the following formula:

Length (feet) =
$$\frac{468}{\text{Freq. (MCS)}}$$

Each half, or 1/4 wave length, is 1/2 the above length.

A good ground, although not absolutely necessary, will frequently aid in reception and reduce stray line hum.

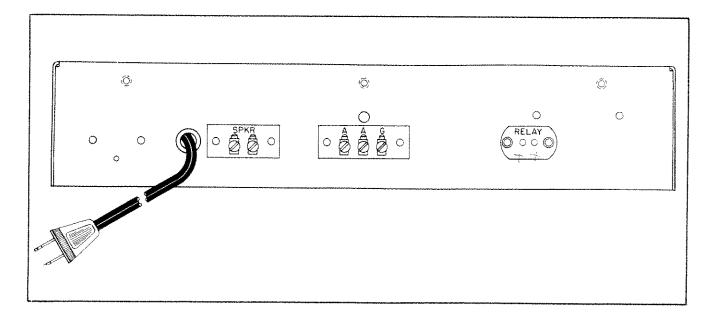
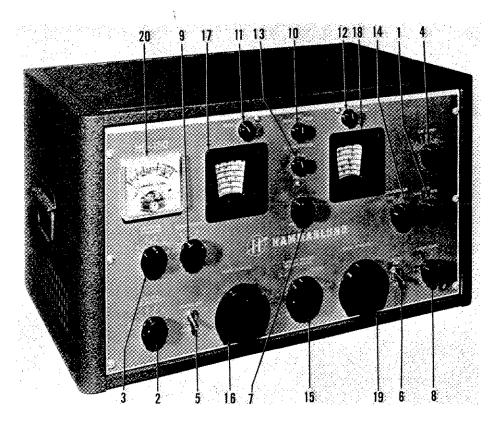


Figure 4. Connection Points at Rear of Chassis





	Setting for PHONE	Setting for CW (Code)	Setting for SSB
MAN-AVC-BFO CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY CRYSTAL PHASING CW TONE STANDBY-RECEIVE LIMITER ANTENNA AUDIO GAIN SENSITIVITY Q MULTIPLIER NULL PEAK FREQ CALIBRATOR BAND SWITCH MAIN TUNING CONTROL MAIN TUNING DIAL BAND SPREAD TUNING CONTROL "S" METER (CARRIER LEVEL)	AVC As Required At Arrow Inoperative RECEIVE As Required To Peak Signal Adjust 10 OFF As Required For Maximum	BFO As Required At Arrow ±2 RECEIVE As Required To Peak Signal 10 Adjust OFF As Required And Required As Required	BFO As Required At Arrow ±2 RECEIVE As Required To Peak Signal 10 Adjust OFF As Required
	Deflection		
	CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY CRYSTAL PHASING CW TONE STANDBY-RECEIVE LIMITER ANTENNA AUDIO GAIN SENSITIVITY Q MULTIPLIER NULL PEAK FREQ CALIBRATOR BAND SWITCH MAIN TUNING CONTROL MAIN TUNING DIAL BAND SPREAD TUNING CONTROL	MAN-AVC-BFO AVC CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY AS Required CRYSTAL PHASING At Arrow CW TONE Inoperative STANDBY-RECEIVE RECEIVE LIMITER AS Required ANTENNA TO Peak Signal AUDIO GAIN Adjust SENSITIVITY 10 Q MULTIPLIER OFF NULL AS Required PEAK AS Required FREQ AS Required FREQ AS Required FREQ AS Required CALIBRATOR OFF BAND SWITCH AS Required MAIN TUNING CONTROL AS Required MAIN TUNING DIAL AS Required BAND SPREAD TUNING DIAL AS Required BAND SPREAD TUNING CONTROL AS Required	MAN-AVC-BFO CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY AS Required CRYSTAL PHASING At Arrow At Arrow CW TONE Inoperative LIMITER AS Required ANTENNA AUDIO GAIN SENSITIVITY AS Required Adjust AUDIO GAIN AUDIO GAIN SENSITIVITY AS Required AS Required AS Required AS Required AS Required ACT

Figure 5. Location of Controls



OPERATION

Basically, all that is necessary to operate a radio receiver are the tuning and volume controls. The additional knobs and switches found on a professional-type receiver such as the HQ-150 control functions which greatly improve operating performance.

NORMAL CONTROL SETTINGS

For initial operation, set the controls as indicated on Figure 5.

The receiver ON-OFF switch is on the AUDIO GAIN control. If you are unfamiliar with the type of power available, check with the local power company before plugging in receiver. Turn on the receiver by advancing the AUDIO GAIN. Check to see that the pilot lamps light and tubes warm up.

While the tubes are heating, set the TUNING RANGE switch in the .54-1.32 position, MAN-AVC-BFO on AVC (automatic volume control), CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY on OFF, STANDBY-RECEIVE on RECEIVE, and SENSITIVITY on "10". Tune in the broadcast stations by using the MAIN TUNING dial and AUDIO GAIN control.

Should accentuation of a particular signal in the IF pass band be desired set the following controls:

Q MULTIPLIER	.Place in the PEAK position.
rang	.Rotate uontrol until some gain is noted in the desired
	signal.
PEAK	.Adjust for maximum gain of desired signal.

Should attenuation of a particular signal in the IF pass band be desired, set the following controls:

Q MULTIPLIER		.Place in the NULL position.
FREQ		.Rotate control until a de-
		crease in gain is noted in the
		undesired signal.
NULL		.Adjust for maximum atten-
		uation of undesired signal.

To cause the Q MULTIPLIER to be inoperative, place the Q MULTIPLIER switch in the OFF position.

For accurate tuning watch the "S" meter. Adjust the MAIN TUNING dial for maximum meter reading for the station to which you are listening.

The ANTENNA compensator knob, the final adjustment, also should be set for greatest meter deflection.

When automatic volume control is not desired, the MAN-AVC-BFO switch can be set on MAN (Manual), the AUDIO GAIN control turned fully clockwise, and the SENSITIVITY control employed to provide the desired volume. When headphones are plugged into the jack in the lower right hand corner of the panel, the speaker is disconnected. On the rear of the chassis are two pin jacks marked RELAY which can be connected to the send-receive relay of the transmitter for break-in operation. With the STANDBY-RECEIVE switch in STANDBY, the receiver is silent but ready for instant use.

The PHASING control normally is set at the arrow in the center of its scale, but may be adjusted to cut out interference from stations on either side of the signal. With the CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY switch the operator can choose the degree of selectivity that provides the greatest fidelity with minimum interference. The first three positions are for phone reception and the fifth and sixth for single signal code reception in extremely crowded bands.

To tune in a standard broadcast station, it is merely necessary to tune the MAIN TUNING dial to the desired frequency. The BAND SPREAD dial is inoperative on the first two ranges.

For reception of short-wave stations with the MAIN TUNING dial only, it is necessary to set the BAND SPREAD dial to 100 in order to attain a calibration accuracy of .5% or better.

The BAND SPREAD dial is calibrated directly for the 80, 40, 20, 15, and 10 meter amateur bands. To make use of this feature, set the MAIN TUNING dial at the high frequency end of the desired amateur band. The BAND SPREAD dial then may be tuned over the range selected. For a higher degree of accuracy the BAND SPREAD dial may be set to the exact frequency of a known signal and the MAIN TUNING dial carefully tuned for maximum signal. It is no longer necessary to touch the MAIN TUNING dial, and the BAND SPREAD calibration will hold.

A 0-100 arbitrary logging scale is also provided for band-spread tuning of any desired ranges which are not directly calibrated. Again the MAIN TUNING dial is set at the high end of the selected range. Tuning the BAND SPREAD dial from 100 to 0 tunes the receiver progressively lower in frequency.

The table on the following page indicates the approximate frequency range covered by the BAND SPREAD dial at various settings of the MAIN TUNING dial for each of the four higher frequency bands of the receiver.



Band	Low End	Middle	High End
3.2 - 5.7 MCS	0.4 MC	0.7 MC	1.25 MCS
5.7 - 10 MCS	0.2 MC	0.5 MC	0.9 MC
10 - 18 MCS	0.2 MC	0.5 MC	0.9 MC
18 - 31 MCS	0.6 MC	1.2 MCS	2.2 MCS

The following is an example of the use of the above table.

	Band Spread Dial Rotated 100 to 0	
Main Tuning Dial Setting	Will Cover	Band Switch Range
Low end of range	400 KCS or .4 MC	3. 2 - 5. 7 MCS
Middle of range	700 KCS or .7 MC	3.2 - 5.7 MCS
High end of range	1,250 KCS or 1.25 MCS	3.2 - 5.7 MCS

SINGLE SIDE-BAND (SSB) OPERATION

The BFO (Beat Frequency Oscillator) provides a wide choice of tones for CW code operation and carrier reinsertion for single side-band reception (SSB). Turning the MAN-AVC-BFO switch to BFO disconnects the automatic volume control, and the SENSI-TIVITY control must then be employed. When using the receiver for single side-band reception the following procedure should be observed:

 Set the CW TONE control to 2 on either side of zero.

- 2. Using the BAND SPREAD control, first zero beat the desired SSB (single side-band) signal, then tune for maximum intelligibility.
- 3. Should the signal still not be intelligible, rotate the CW TONE control to 2 on the other side of zero.
- 4. Carefully adjust the BAND SPREAD control for greatest clarity.

It is often a great help to use the LIMITER in short-wave reception.

TUNING RANGES

Band	Frequency	Meters Wave Length
1	. 540 - 1. 32 MCS	555 - 227
2	1.32 - 3.2 MCS	227 - 93.7
3	3.2 - 5.7 MCS	93.7 - 52.6
4	5.7 - 10 MCS	52.6 - 30.0
5	10 - 18 MCS	30.0 - 16.7
6	18 - 31 MCS	16.7 - 9.7

CIRCUITRY

PRESELECTION

The antenna input coupling and RF amplifier stage provide the necessary preselection and gain for high performance and rejection of undesired signals. The high signal level at the mixer grid, V3, contributes to a favorable signal to noise ratio.

Both grid and plate circuits of the RF stage are tuned; individual tuning coils are selected for each band.

The antenna compensating capacitor, adjustable from the front panel, permits the receiver to be resonated for optimum performance with the antenna in use.

CONVERTER STAGE

A high degree of oscillator stability is attained by the

use of a separate mixer (6BE6), V3, and an independent oscillator (6C4), V1.

The output signal from RF amplifier, V2, is heterodyned with the output of the local high frequency oscillator, V1, and electronically combined within the mixer tube, V3. On the four lower frequency ranges the local oscillator is 455 KCS above the signal frequency. On the two highest ranges the oscillator is 455 KCS below the signal frequency.

Low-loss tube sockets, ceramic band switches, temperature compensating capacitors, zero temperature coefficient ceramic trimmers, and a bi-metallic compensating plate all contribute to oscillator stability. Additional frequency stability is attained by applying regulated voltage to the oscillator plate and by the rugged construction of the entire oscillator section assembly.

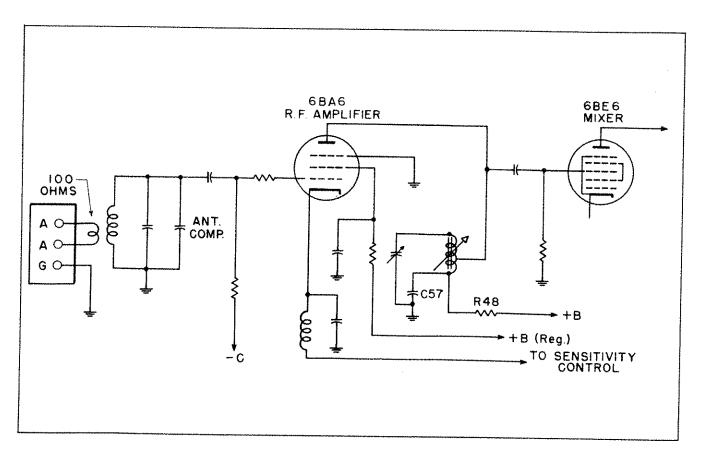


Figure 6. Tuned RF Amplifier and Mixer



CRYSTAL FILTER AND PHASING NETWORK

The patented Hammarlund 455 KCS crystal filter and phasing network is controlled from the HQ-150 front panel. Its six-position SELECTIVITY switchincludes an OFF position and five increasingly selective bandwidths.

Switch positions 1, 2, and 3 provide progressively

sharper crystal selectivity for use in phone reception. Positions 4 and 5, the sharpest selectivity positions, are recommended for reliable CW or code reception. Highest fidelity is obtained in the OFF position, when the crystal filter is inoperative.

The phasing control may be set to highly attenuate interfering adjacent signals. With experienced operating technique the crystal filter offers distinct advantages under severe interference conditions.

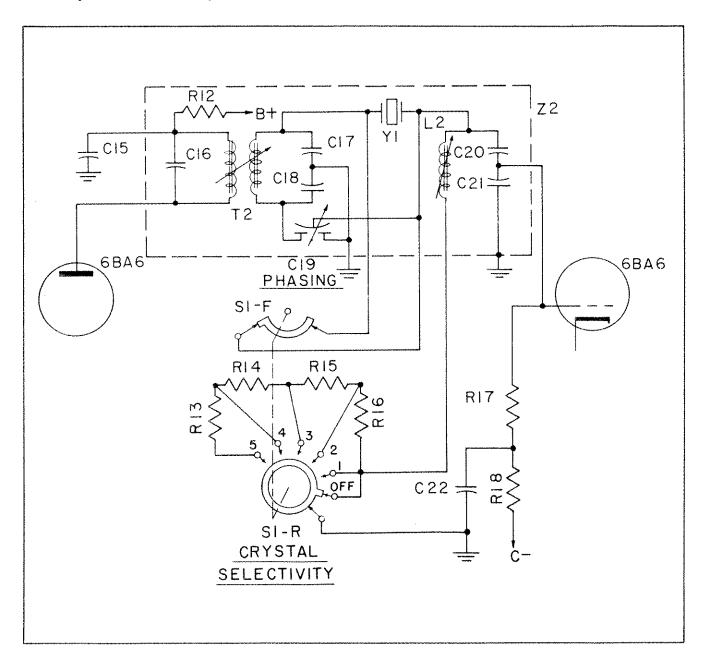


Figure 7. Crystal Filter and Phasing Network



Q MULTIPLIER

The Q Multiplier FREQ control tunes to any frequency within the IF pass band for either acceptance or rejection of any signal in the pass band. With the Q Multiplier Switch in the OFF position, the multiplier is inoperative. With the switch in the PEAK position, the desired signal is tuned and is sharpened and accentuated by the advancement of the PEAK control approaching regeneration. With the switch in the NULL position, an unwanted or interfering signal is tuned and is sharpened and attenuated by advancing the NULL control approaching regeneration. This figure shows the NULL and PEAK curves centered in the regular IF band pass but they may be shifted to any frequency within this band by adjustment of the FREQ control. This makes it possible to use the Q Multiplier in conjunction with the Crystal Filter to obtain two null frequencies, together with a peak frequency, as shown in curve D below. Either of the nulls may be obtained with the Q Multiplier, while the Crystal Filter provides the peak and the other null. In this way a narrow bandpass filter action is obtained.

Various combinations of the setting of the Q Multiplier and Crystal Filter controls will provide a pass band to meet most conditions of operation under adverse circumstances. These possibilities will suggest themselves to the operator as he becomes experienced in their use.

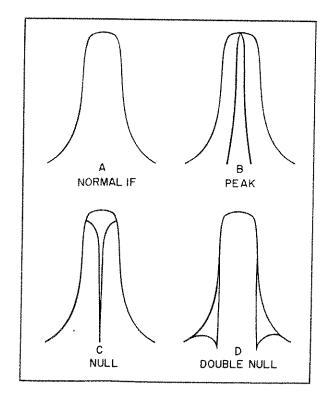


Figure 8. Q Multiplier Representative Curves

IF AMPLIFIER

Nine, stable tuned circuits, in three stages of IF amplification (V4, V5, and V6), contribute to sensitivity and selectivity. The gain per stage is purposely low in order to maintain stability. Iron core permeability-tuned transformers improve performance and add to the ease of adjustment. The intermediate frequency is 455 KC, the RTMA standard.

AVC SYSTEM

Automatic Volume Control minimizes fading and signal strength variations by controlling the gain of the RF stage V2 and the IF stages V4 and V5. As a result, a comfortable and constant level of audio is maintained.

The Automatic Volume Control is operative only when the MAN-AVC-BFO switch is in the AVC position. With AVC, greatest signal-to-noise ratio will result with the SENSITIVITY control set at maximum. It may be necessary to reduce sensitivity slightly for unusually strong signals.

"S" METER (CARRIER LEVEL)

The "S" or Tuning Meter is provided to assist in tuning and to give an indication of relative signal strength. Because the meter readings are proportional to AVC voltage, it is operative only when the MAN-AVC-BFO switch is in the AVC position.

The meter, which is calibrated to 20 db over S-9, is factory adjusted so that a signal input of approximately 50 microvolts gives a reading of S-9. Each "S" unit indicates a 6 db increase, equivalent to doubling signal strength. Should meter readjustment be necessary:

- Set front panel SENSITIVITY control to "10" and CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY to "OFF".
- 2. With receiver off, mechanically zero pointer with a fine screwdriver.
- 3. With AVC on and the 1st IF tube V4 removed, zero pointer with ZERO ADJ potentiometer R-19.
- 4. With AVC on and V4 replaced adjust meter sensitivity with SENS potentiometer R-23.

DETECTOR AND NOISE LIMITER

One section of the 6AL5 tube, V7, is used for the second detector and AVC system. This system produces a minimum of distortion.

The other half of V7 operates as a series, self-adjusting noise limiter. It will reduce automobile ignition and other types of impulse noise to a minimum. Intelligibility is not affected by the noise limiter, although it may be switched off if desired. The limiter only operates efficiently in AVC ON position or MAN-UAL position but not in BFO position.



BEAT FREQUENCY OSCILLATOR (BFO)

The Beat Frequency Oscillator, which employs one section of the 12AU7 (V8), is designed to provide reception of CW or unmodulated code signals also for reinserted carrier SSB. The CW TONE control permits selection of the desired audio tone. Each calibration division represents approximately 1000 cycles.

The BFO is only operative when the MAN-AVC-BFO switch is in the BFO position.

CRYSTAL CALIBRATOR

The Crystal Calibrator is a highly stable 100 KC crystal oscillator. It is provided with an adjustable trimmer capacitor for accurately adjusting the oscillator frequency against a standard frequency, such as WWV. It provides signal markers at 100 KC intervals throughout the tuning range of the receiver.

AUDIO AMPLIFIER

The first audio stage is a resistance coupled voltage amplifier using the other section of the 12AU7 (V8). The audio output stage, a 6V6GT/G beam power amplifier (V9) provides an undistorted output of at least 2 watts.

The output transformer impedance is 6 ohms to match the voice coil of the Hammarlund or other suitable permanent magnet speaker. The phone jack is connected across the voice coil winding and silences the speaker when the phone plug is inserted.

POWER SUPPLY

The self-contained, stabilized power supply is designed with a large safety factor to insure reliable, trouble-free operation. Humfree performance is provided by a two section filter. The OC3/VR105 (V10) furnishes regulated voltage to the variable frequency oscillator V1 and the screen grid of V2, V3, V4, and V5



REALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

IF AMPLIFIER ALIGNMENT

The intermediate-frequency transformers are iron-core permeability-tuned and resonated with fixed silvermica capacitors. A high degree of stability results, which should make IF realignment unnecessary for a long time. Realignment should not be attempted without suitable equipment.

The IF transformers must be tuned for symmetry and proper coincidence of the visible curves as well as for amplitude on the oscilloscope. This requires

a stage-by-stage alignment, starting with the last IF transformer (Z4) and continuing back through the first IF transformer (Z1).

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

- Cathode-ray oscilloscope (externally synchronized by the signal generator).
- Frequency Modulated (swept) signal generator (fairly constant output).
- 3. Output Meter.

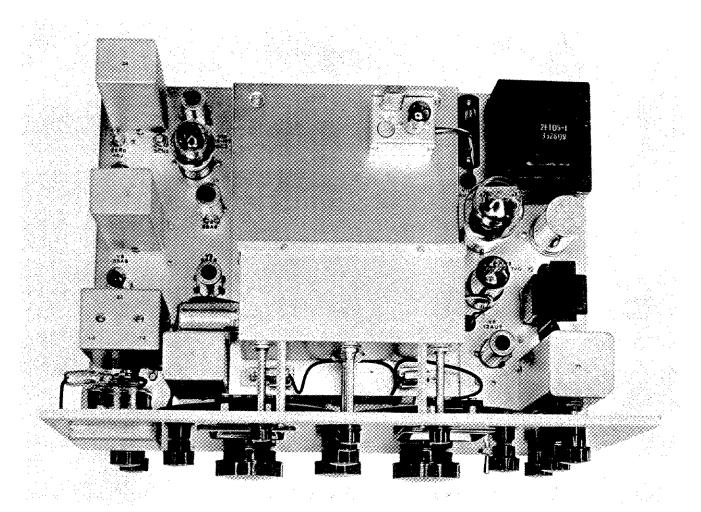


Figure 9. Top View of Chassis



CONTROL SETTINGS

Set receiver controls as follows:

MAIN TUNING DIAL				.54 MC
Bandswitch (TUNING RAI	٧G	E)		.54 - 1.32 MCS
STANDBY-RECEIVE .				RECEIVE
LIMITER				OFF
MAN-AVC-BFO				MAN
CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY	,			OFF

PROCEDURE

Observe the following steps when realigning the IF amplifier stages:

- a. With generator set at 455 KC apply signal to the grid (pin No. 1) of the 3rd IF tube (V6). Adjust the two inductors of Z4 alternately to obtain maximum amplitude, symmetry, and pattern coincidence on the oscilloscope.
- b. Apply the signal input lead to the grid (pin No. 1) of the 2nd IF tube (V5). Turn the two adjustment screws of Z3 to obtain a symmetrical, coinciding curve with as much amplitude as possible without disturbing the pattern.
- c. Switch the signal input lead to the grid (pin No. 1) of the 1st IF tube (V4), and adjust the plate inductor (T2) of the crystal filter (Z2) for maximum amplitude at center of curve.
- d. Apply the signal input to the grid (pin No. 7) of the 6BE6 mixer tube (V3). Adjust screws of 1st IF transformer (Z1) as in (3). This should result in a tall selectivity curve with a slightly flattened peak.
- e. Turn CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY switch to position No. 1, set CRYSTAL PHASING pointer on arrow, and adjust the grid indicator (L2) of the crystal filter (Z2) for maximum amplitude and symmetry. Adjust signal input or receiver SENSITIVITY control as required to prevent overloading.
- f. Switch to CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY position No.
 2, and if necessary, move PHASING CONTROL slightly from arrow to obtain identical images.

NOTE

Adjust signal generator frequency to obtain coincidence of the images. If complete coincidence is not obtained, alternately make slight adjustments of the PHASING CONTROL and the signal generator frequency, until images coincide. After these last steps have determined the exact frequency of the Quartz crystal, the frequency setting of the signal generator should be left undisturbed.

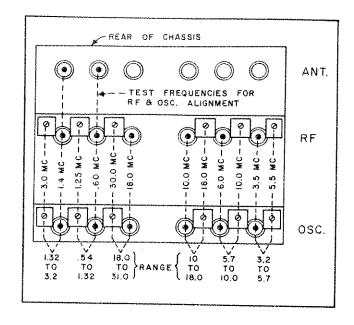


Figure 10. IF Oscillator Tuning Diagram

- g. Repeat carefully the complete IF alignment procedure (steps 1 through 7) for the crystal frequency.
- The Q Multiplier is adjusted, after the IF alignment is completed, as follows; loosen the nut and bushing assembly in the front panel to permit the frequency shaft to turn without hindrance from the stop pin. Tune the test signal to the IF frequency in the sharp crystal position with the multiplier switch OFF. Switch the multiplier to PEAK and adjust the PEAK control just below oscillation and tune the multiplier FREQ control for maximum amplitude on the scope. Switch to NULL and with the NULL control just below oscillation, observe that a null valley occurs in the scope pattern. Hold the FREQ shaft at the mid frequency position and lock the nut and bushing in the front panel so that the stop pin is at the middle of the frequency range, i.e. pins opposite one another.

RF AMPLIFIER REALIGNMENT

The RF and oscillator stages have been carefully aligned against standard crystals at the factory and are designed to hold their adjustments over a long period of time. Realignment should not be attempted unless it is positive that readjustment is necessary.

As shown on the chart, Figure 10, the front row of adjustments control the H. F. oscillator frequency and consequently dial calibration.



The middle row of adjustments control RF alignment and the rear adjustments are for antenna alignment.

CONTROL SETTINGS

Set receiver controls as follows:

STANDBY-RECEIVE	 RECEIVE
MAN-AVC-BFO	 MAN
CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY	 OFF
BAND SPREAD	100
Bandswitch (TUNING RANGE).	 .54 - 1.32 MCS
MAIN TUNING	 . 60 MC
Q MULTIPLIER	 OFF

Set signal generator controls as follows:

Frequency						. 60 MC
Modulation						OFF

PROCEDURE

NOTE

Each band is adjusted for maximum response by changing the inductance at the low-frequency end and the capacitance at the high-frequency end. These adjustments mutually affect each other. If much change is made at one end of the band the other end of the band must also be readjusted. This procedure is repeated until dial calibration coincides with frequency at both ends of the band.

At 30 MCS there is some interaction between the RF and oscillator sections. It is therefore necessary to rock the MAIN TUNING dial back and forth while adjusting the trimmer capacitor, in order to avoid a false setting.

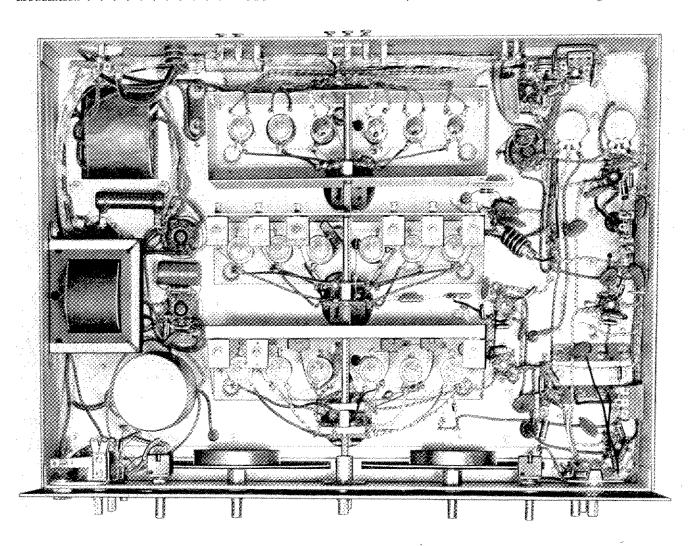


Figure 11. Bottom View of Chassis, Showing Trimmers and Coils



- a. With signal generator connected to the receiver ANTENNA terminals through a series resistor equal to 100 ohms minus the signal generator output impedance, and output meter connected to the SPEAKER terminals, adjust L17 until maximum deflection is obtained on the meter.
- b. Change signal generator frequency to 1.25 MCS as shown in Figure 9. Set MAIN TUNING dial on 1.25 MCS to correspond. Adjust trimmer capacitor C73 to tune in signal, and C69 for maximum response.
- c. Set signal generator to 1.4 MC, change to the 1.32--3.2 MC Band, and set MAIN TUNING dial on 1.4 MC. Adjust L18 until signal appears and L12 and L6 for maximum response.

d. Change signal generator to 3 MCS, and set MAIN TUNING dial to 3 MCS to correspond. Adjust C64 to tune in signal and C58 for maximum response.

NOTE

This procedure is followed for each band and should be repeated until calibration and tracking are as desired.

e. Tune in a standard frequency signal, preferably WWV at 5 MCS, tuning for maximum meter reading on AVC. Turn the Calibrator switch to ON and adjust the trimmer capacitor on the Crystal Calibrator for zero beat with the standard signal. Switch to BFO and check for adequate signsls of good audible beat frequency output over the upper portion of the 18 to 31 MC range.

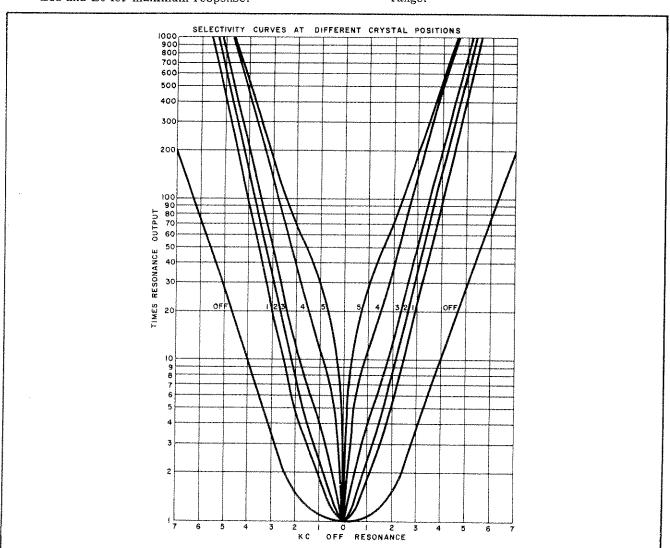


Figure 12. Selectivity Curves



MAINTENANCE

The HQ-150 is designed to give years of trouble-free service without need for repairs. Tube failure is the most common source of trouble. The second most common cause of difficulty is component failure among small resistors and fixed capacitors.

The following charts give voltages and resistances between tube socket terminals and chassis. Voltages indicated are those measured with a vacuum tube voltmeter; resistances with a vacuum tube ohmmeter. Slight variations from voltages indicated may be disregarded.

With the aid of the chart and the schematic diagram, defective components can usually be located. The parts list in the back of this manual gives values and Hammarlund part numbers.

Standard items may be purchased locally. Non-standard components are available on order from the factory.

A sensitive communications receiver should be entrusted only to a qualified technician. Should difficulty be experienced, please write the company for advice or to arrange for factory service.

TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGES TABLE HQ-150

and the second s	1	NE VOL	TAGE	117 Vac	SENSITI	FIVITY AN	D AUDIO	(AND AUDIO GAIN CONTROLS N	TROLS	LINE VOLTAGE 117 Vac SENSITIVITY AND AUDIO GAIN CONTROLS MAX. NO SIGNAL, LIMITER OFF,	NAL, LIMIT	ER OFF,		
TYATAT			- The state of the					T OH OH I	ECEIVE	TANKS MINISTRAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF TH			MAN-AVC-BFO SWITCH ON	C-BFO
4.9 mc			0/	MLTAGE	MAN-AVC-BFO VOLTAGEŞ MEASUREI	BFO SWI	SWITCH ON MAN. WITH TUBE VOL.) SWITCH ON MAN.) WITH TUBE VOLTMETER	ER				MAN	BFO
Pin No. to Gnd.	RF 6BA6	Mixer 6BE6	Osc 6C4	1st IF 6BA6	2nd IF 6BA6	3rd IF 6BA6	Det Avc 6AL5	Output 6V6/GT	Rect. 5U4GB	Volt. Reg. 0C3/VR105	Calibrator 1/2 6BZ6	Q Multiplier 12AX7 on Min Null	1st Audio 1/2 12AU7	BFO 1/2 12AU7
			97				38			Tiepoint 215	-30	100	28	
Pin 2		1.35		1.0	. 35	2.45	76		310		9.7		The state of the s	
Pin 3	6.2 ac	6.2 ac	6.2 ac	6, 2 ac	6.2 ac	6.2 ac	6. 2 ac	265		109		. 75	1.65	
Pin 4		The state of the s						280	280 ac				6.2	
Pin 5	205	212	6.5	195	210	205				109	06		6.2	
Pin 6	105	96		100	105	125		Tiepoint 215	280 ac		80	205		125
Pin 7	1.25			1.0	3.1	2.45	38	6. 2 ac			9.7			-34
Pin 8								14.5	310			2.6		
Pin 9									·		6.2 ac	6.2 ac		Harrison Control of the Control of t

TUBE SOCKET RESISTANCE TABLE HQ-150

C-BFO ON-	BFO	BFO 1/2 12AU7						86K	33K	e	
MAN-AVC-BFO SWITCH ON-	MAN	1/2 12AU7	172K	250K	IK			AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER			
POWER PLUG OUT, SENSITIVITY AND AUDIO GAIN CONTROLS MAX. SEND RECEIVE SWITCH ON RECEIVE		Q Multiplier 12AX7 on Min Null	294K	2.2 MEG.	1500	0	0	131K	2.2 MEG.	8200	
VE SWITCH		Calibrator 1/2 6BZ6	470K	4700		0	540K	170K	4700		
SEND RECEI	METER	Volt. Reg. 0C3/VR105	Tiepoint 74K	0	76K	06	76K		76K	74K	Control with the supersymptotic beloated as a second state of the supersymptotic beloated as a second state of
S MAX.	т. онм	Rect. 5U4GB		73K	73K			85		73K	
CONTRO	RESISTANCE MEASURED WITH V.T. OHMMETER	Output 6V6/GT		0	73K	73K	220K	Tiepoint 75K		360	
IDIO GAIN	EASURED	Det Avc 6AL5	242K	550K		0	0	0	242K		
AND AT	ANCE M	3rd IF 6BA6	1,4	240		0	74K	105K	240		
SITIVIT	RESIST	2nd IF 6BA6	480K	270		0	74K	78K	570		
T, SEN	0 Z	1st IF 6BA6	10K	130		0	74K	78K	30		
UG OU	C-BEC	Osc 6C4	78K			0	78K	47K	0		
NER PI	MAN-AVC-BFO SWITCH ON MAN	Mixer 6BE6	22K	150		0	74K	78K	47K		
PO	TS S	RF 6BA6	470K	0		0	74K	78K	52		
Towns and the second se		Pin No. to Gnd.	Pin 1	Pin 2	Pin 3	Pin 4	Pin 5	Pin 6	Pin 7	Pin 8	Pin 9

PARTS LIST HQ-150

Schematic Designation	Description	Hammarlund Part No.
	CAPACITORS	
C1, A-F	Main Tuning, variable (Part of 20840-G1)	
C2, A-I	Band Spread, variable (Part of 20840-G1)	
C3, 4, 5	Ceramic disc, .02 mf W. V. D. C	23034-9
C6	Silver mica, 51 mmf 500 W. V. D. C.	23003-87C
C7, 8, 9 C10	Ceramic disc, .02 mf W. V. D. C	23034-9
CIO	Silver mica, 240 mmf 500 W.V.D.C. (Part of Z1, I.F. Transformer Assembly #26121)	23071-56
C11	Silver mica, 260 mmf 500 W.V.D.C.	20011-00
	(Part of Z1, I. F. Transformer Assembly #26121)	23003-112
C12, 13, 14, 15	Ceramic disc, .022 mf W. V. D. C.	23034-24
C16	Silver mica, 220 mmf 500 W.V.D.C.	
015 10	(Part of Z2, Crystal Filter Assembly #26125)	23071-55
C17, 18	Silver mica, 100 mmf 500 W.V.D.C. (Part of Z2, Crystal Filter Assembly #26125)	23003-94
C19	Crystal phasing variable,	23003-94
	(Part of Z2, Crystal Filter Assembly #26125)	11776-G1
C20	Silver mica 75 mmf 500 W. V. D. C.	22.14 4.2
	(Part of Z2, Crystal Filter Assembly #26125)	DM15C750J
C21	Silver mica 3900B mmf 500 W. V. D. C.	
C22, 23, 24	(Part of Z2, Crystal Filter Assembly #26125) Ceramic disc, .022 mf W.V.D.C	23015-51
C44, 40, 44	Ceramic disc, .022 mi w.v.b.C	23034-24
C25	Ceramic, NPO 1.5 mmf 500 W.V.D.C.	23022-2
C26	Silver mica, 240 mmf 500 W. V. D. C.	
	(Part of Z3, I. F. Transformer Assembly #26123)	23071-56
C27	Silver mica, 260 mmf 500 W. V. D. C.	
C28, 30, 31, 32	(Part of Z3, I. F. Transformer Assembly #26123) Ceramic disc, .02 M. F. D. 600 W. V. D. C	23003-112
C29, 30, 31, 32	Silver mica 51 mmf 500 V.D.C.W	23034-9 23003-87C
C33, 34	Silver mica, 95 mmf 500 W.V.D.C.	20000-010
	(Part of Z4, Final I. F. Transformer Assembly #26112)	23071-62
C35, 36	Mica, 100 mmf 500 W.V.D.C.	DM15-C101K
C37 C38	Ceramic disc, .001 mf 600 V.D.C.W	23034-4
C39	Paper tubular, .02 mf 600 W. V. D. C	23034-9
C40	Discap .01 mf 1000 W.V.D.C	23034-8 23034-9
C41	Silver mica, 5 mmf 500 W. V. D. C.	DM15G-050K
C42	Silver mica, 240 mmf 500 W.V.D.C.	
A 10	(Part of Z5, B. F.O. Assembly #26105)	23071-56
C43	B. F.O. variable,	William 1991
C44	(Part of Z5, B. F.O. Assembly #26105)	11735-G42
V	(Part of Z5, B. F.O. Assembly #26105)	23071-55
C45,46	Ceramic disc, .02 600 W. V.D.C.	23034-9
C47	Ceramic disc, .001 mf	23034-4
C49	Ceramic disc, .005 -mf 1000 V.D.C.W.	23034-10
C50	Mica, 620 mmf 500 W. V. D. C.	20224 444
C52, A, B, C, D	(Part of R. F. Unit Assembly #26131)	23001-141
C53, 54	Ceramic disc, .02 mf	15504-70 23034-9
C55	Mica, 620 mmf 500 W. V. D. C	23001-141
C56	Antenna Compensator, variable	
C1C P1	(Part of Main Tuning Unit #20840-G1)	SA-617
C57	Mica, 5100 mmf 500 W. V. D. C.	23015~16B
C58, 59, 60 C61	Trimmer, mica 3.35 mmf	16089-2
C62	Trimmer, mica 1.5-9 mmf	16089-1
C63	Trimmer, mica 1.5-9 mmf	16089-2 16089-1
C64, 65	Trimmer, mica 3-35 mmf	16089-2
C66, 67	Trimmer, ceramic NPO 1.5-7 mmf	23059-1

PARTS LIST HQ-150 (cont)

Schematic Designation	Description	Hammarlund Part No.
C68 C69 C70 C71 C72 C73 C74 C75, 76 C77 C78 C79 C80, 81 C82, 83, 84, 85 C86 C87 C88 C89 F1 J1	CAPACITORS (Continued) Trimmer, ceramic NPO 3-12 mmf Trimmer, mica 1.5-9 mmf Silver mica, 673 mmf 500 W. V. D. C. Silver mica, 300 mmf 500 W. V. D. C. Ceramic disc, .02 W. V. D. C. Mica, 1500 mmf 500 W. V. D. C. Mica, 1000 mmf 500 W. V. D. C. Ceramic disc, .02 mfd 500 V. D. C. Ceramic disc, .02 mfd 500 V. D. C. W. Trimmer, 8-50 mmf Silver mica, 220 mmf. Silver mica, 8 mmf Ceramic disc, .01 mfd Ceramic disc, .005 mfd. Silver mica, 510 mmf Silver mica, 3300 mmf ±5% Silver mica, 1100 mmf ±2% Silver mica, 5 mmf ±10% Fuse, 2 ampere type 3 AG. Phone jack	23059-2 16089-1 23004-2 23003-105 23034-9 23015-20 23015-40 23034-9 23038-5 DM15C221J 23034-11 23034-5 23034-1 23003-74 23011-43 23011-59 23002-1 15928-7 6087
J2 E1	Relay jack	6142 6088
E2	Speaker terminal strip	3843
L1 L2	COILS R. F. choke 2.5 millihenry	15627-1
L4 L5 L6 L7 L8	(Part of Z2, Crystal Filter Assembly #26125-G1) Filter choke	31068-G1 26111-1 26051-G1 26051-G3 6013
L9 L10 L11 L12 L13 L14	Antenna Coil 10 - 18 mc range	6019 6022 26204-G2 26204-G1 26204-G3
L15 L16 L17 L18 L19 L20	R. F. Coil Assembly 5.7 - 10 mc range	26047-G5 26047-G4 26047-G3 26203-G2 26203-G1 26203-G6
L21	H. F. Osc. Coil Assembly 5.7 - 10 mc range	26203-G5 26203-G4
L22 L23	H. F. Osc. Coil Assembly 18 - 31 mc range	26203-G3 26215-G1
M1	Carrier Level ("S") meter	26149-3
PL1,2	Pilot Lamp No. 47, 6.3 V., .15 amp	16004-1
R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8, 9 R10	RESISTORS 22 Ohms, 1/2 W 47,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 470,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 47,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 150 Ohms, 1/2 W 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W	19309-9 19309-89 19309-57 19309-113 19309-73 19309-89 19309-259 19309-57 19309-73

PARTS LIST HQ-150 (cont)

R11	rlund No.
R11	
Part of Z2, Crystal Filter Assembly #26125) 19309-57	7
R13	
R14 300 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-10; R16 22 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-11; R16 22 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-11; R17 470,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-11; R18 10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-13; R19 Potentiometer, 300 Ohms 15368-1; R20 270 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-26; R21, 22 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-26; R21, 22 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-26; R21, 22 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-49; R23* Potentiometer, 1,500 Ohms 15368-2; R24* 1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19310-29; R25 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19310-29; R26 47,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19310-29; R27 (2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-57; R28 240 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-89; R30, 31 270,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-89; R30, 31 270,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-10; R33 22 1 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-12; R34 820,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-12; R35 Resistor 22 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-12; R36 Potentiometer 250,000 Ohms (switch attached) 6095 R37 1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-12; R38 62,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-12; R39 Potentiometer 250,000 Ohms (switch attached) 6095 R39 Potentiometer 250,000 Ohms (switch attached) 6095 R39 Potentiometer, 10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-10; R41 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-10; R42 10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-10; R43 3,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-10; R44 30,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-10; R45 10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-10; R46 30 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-10; R47 27 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-13; R48 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-13; R49 (Part of E, F. O. Assembly #26107) 19309-63 R46 360 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-17 R47 27 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-17 R48 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-17 R49 (Part of R, F. Unit Assembly #26137) 19309-17 R49 (Part of R, F. Unit Assembly #26143) 19309-17 R55 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-57 R55 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-57 R55 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-57 R55 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-77 R55 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-77 R55 470 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-77	
R16	
R16	
R17	
R18	
R19	
R20 270 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-26; R21* Potentiometer, 1, 500 Ohms 1, 1/2 W. 19309-57 R23* Potentiometer, 1, 500 Ohms 1, 1/2 W. 19309-49 R25* 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-49 R26* 47,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-89 R27 (Part of Z4, I. F. Transformer Assembly #26113) 19309-89 R28 240 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-20; R29 47,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-20; R32 1 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-10; R33 2.2 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-12; R34 820,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-12; R35 Resistor 22 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-18; R36 Potentiometer 250,000 Ohms (switch attached) 6095 R37 1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-18; R38 62,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-18; R39 Potentiometer 250,000 Ohms (switch attached) 6095 R30 3,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-19; R31 3,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-19; R32 (Part of Z5, B. F. O. Assembly #26107). 19309-18; R41 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-19; R42 10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-19; R43 3,900 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-19; R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-16; R45 220,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-17; R46 30 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-17; R47 (Part of T5, B. F. O. Assembly #26029-G2) 19309-97; R46 20,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-17; R47 27 Ohms, 1 W 19309-16; R48 22,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-17; R49 (Part of R. F. Unit Assembly #26137). 19309-57; R49 (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) 19309-17; R50 4,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19300-17; R50 4,000 Ohms, 10 W 19330-2; R55 2,200 Ohms, 17 W 19309-57; R55 2,200 Ohms, 17 W 19309-57; R55 2,200 Ohms, 17 W 19309-57; R57 470 K Ohms, 17 W 19309-57; R58 470 K Ohms, 17 W 19309-57; R59 470 K Ohms, 17 W 19309-67; R59 470 K Ohms, 17 W 19309-67; R59 470 K Ohms, 17 W 19309-67; R59 47	-
R21, 22 2, 200 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-57 R23* Potentiometer, 1, 500 Ohms 15368-2 R24* 1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19310-29 R25 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-89 R26 47,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-87 R27 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-10 R28 240 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-201 R29 47,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-10 R30, 31 270,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-12 R32 1 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-12 R33 2.2 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-12 R34 820,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-12 R35 Resistor 22 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-9 R36 Potentiometer 250,000 Ohms (switch attached) 6095 R37 1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-49 R38 62,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-49 R41 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-18 R42 10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-18 R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-18 R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-18 R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/	
R24* Potentiometer, 1,500 Ohms 15368-2 R25 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-49 R26 47,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19310-29 R27 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-57 R28 240 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-20 R29 47,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-20 R29 47,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-10 R32 1 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-12 R33 2.2 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-12 R34 820,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-12 R35 Resistor 22 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-18 R36 Potentiometer 250,000 Ohms (switch attached) 6005 R37 1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-49 R38 62,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-49 R39 Potentiometer, 10,000 Ohms 15367-1 R40 30 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-19 R41 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-85 R42 10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-73 R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-73 R45 220,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-10 R46 360 Ohms, 1 W 19310-211 <td></td>	
R24* 1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-49 R26 47,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19310-293 R27 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-89 R27 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-201 R28 240 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-201 R29 47,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-103 R30, 31 270,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-121 R33 2.2 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-123 R34 820,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-123 R35 Resistor 22 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-18 R36 Potentiometer 250,000 Ohms (switch attached) 6095 R37 1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-49 R38 62,000 Ohms, 1 W 19310-231 R39 Potentiometer, 10,000 Ohms 15367-1 R40 30 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-49 R41 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-190 R42 10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-17 R43 3,900 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-73 R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-63 R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-105 R46 360 Ohms, 1 W 19309-1	
R25 33,000 Ohms, 1 /2 W 19310-29: R26 47,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-89 R27 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-20 R29 47,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-20 R30,31 270,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-12 R32 1 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-12 R33 2.2 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-12 R34 820,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-12 R35 Resistor 22 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-19 R36 Potentiometer 250,000 Ohms (switch attached) 6095 R37 1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-49 R38 62,000 Ohms, 1 W 19310-231 R39 Potentiometer, 10,000 Ohms 15367-1 R40 30 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-19 R41 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-85 R42 10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-85 R43 3,900 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-73 R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-63 R45 220,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-63 R46 360 Ohms, 1 W 19309-105 R46 360 Ohms, 1 W 19309-105 R47 27 Ohms, 1 W 19310-211 R48 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-57 R50 4,000 Ohms, 1	9
Part of Z4, I. F. Transformer Assembly #26113 19309-89	93
R27 R28	
R28 240 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-201 R29 47, 000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-89 R30, 31 270, 000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-107 R32 1 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-121 R33 2.2 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-119 R34 820, 000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-119 R35 Resistor 22 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-9 R36 Potentiometer 250, 000 Ohms (switch attached) 6095 R37 1, 000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-49 R38 62, 000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-49 R40 30 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-190 R41 33, 000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-85 R42 10, 000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-85 R42 10, 000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-73 R44 100, 000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-63 R44 100, 000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-105 R46 360 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-105 R46 360 Ohms, 1 W 19310-211 R47 27 Ohms, 1 W 19310-211 R48 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) 19309-57 R50	
R29 47,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-89 R30, 31 270,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-107 R32 1 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-107 R33 2.2 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-128 R34 820,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-128 R35 Resistor 22 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-18 R35 Resistor 22 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-9 R36 Potentiometer 250,000 Ohms (switch attached) 6095 R37 1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-49 R38 62,000 Ohms, 1 W 19309-49 R41 30,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-190 R41 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-190 R41 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-85 R42 10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-87 R43 3,900 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-73 R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-87 R45 220,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-105 R46 360 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-105 R46 360 Ohms, 1 W 19309-105 R46 360 Ohms, 1 W 19310-211 R47 27 Ohms, 1 W 19310-211 R48 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19310-211 R49 (Part of R. F. Unit Assembly #26137) 19309-57 R49 (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) 19309-1 R50 4,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19330-2 R51 1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19330-2 R55 2,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19330-3 R55 4,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-81 R56,57 470 K Ohms, 1/3 W 19317-238	
R32 1 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-121 R33 2.2 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-121 R34 820, 000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-123 R35 Resistor 22 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-139 R36 Potentiometer 250, 000 Ohms (switch attached) 6095 R37 1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-49 R38 62, 000 Ohms, 1 W 19310-231 R40 30 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-190 R41 33, 000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-190 R41 33, 000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-85 R42 10, 000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-73 R43 3, 900 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-73 R44 100, 000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-73 R45 220, 000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-73 R46 360 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-105 R46 360 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-105 R46 360 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-105 R47 27 Ohms, 1 W 19310-211 R47 27 Ohms, 1 W 19310-211 R47 27 Ohms, 1/2 W 19310-11 R48 2, 200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-57 R49 10 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-57 R49 (Part of R. F. Unit Assembly #26137) 19309-57 R50 4, 000 Ohms, 10 W 19330-2 R51 1, 000 Ohms, 10 W 19330-2 R55 2, 200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-81 R56, 57 470 K Ohms, 1/3 W 19309-81 R56, 57 470 K Ohms, 1/3 W 19309-81 R56, 57 470 K Ohms, 1/3 W 19317-238	
R32 1 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-121 R33 2. 2 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-129 R34 820,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-19 R35 Resistor 22 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-9 R36 Potentiometer 250,000 Ohms (switch attached) 6095 R37 1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-49 R38 62,000 Ohms, 1 W 19310-231 R39 Potentiometer, 10,000 Ohms 15367-1 R40 30 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-190 R41 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-85 R42 10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-85 R43 3,900 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-63 R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-63 R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-97 R45 220,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19310-211 R46 360 Ohms, 1 W 19310-211 R47 27 Ohms, 1 W 19310-211 R48 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-57 R50 4,000 Ohms, 10 W 19330-2 R51 1,000 Ohms, 15 W 19330-3 R52 2,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-57	
R34	
R34 820,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-119 R35 Resistor 22 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-9 R36 Potentiometer 250,000 Ohms (switch attached). 6095 R37 1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-49 R38 62,000 Ohms, 1 W. 19310-231 R39 Potentiometer, 10,000 Ohms 15367-1 R40 30 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-190 R41 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-85 R42 10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-73 R43 3,900 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-73 R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-63 R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-63 R45 220,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-105 R46 360 Ohms, 1 W. 19310-211 R47 27 Ohms, 1 W. 19310-211 R48 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19310-211 R48 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19310-11 R48 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19310-211 R49 10 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19310-211 R50 4,000 Ohms, 10 W. 19300-2 R51 1,000 Ohms, 15 W. 19300-2 R52 2,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19330-3 R55 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19330-3 R55 4,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19330-3 R55 1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19330-3 R55 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19330-3 R55 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19330-3 R55 3,200 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19330-3 R55 4,700 Ohms, 1/3 W. 19317-238	
R35 Resistor 22 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-9 R36 Potentiometer 250,000 Ohms (switch attached) 6095 R37 1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-49 R38 62,000 Ohms, 1 W 19310-231 R39 Potentiometer, 10,000 Ohms 15367-1 R40 30 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-190 R41 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-85 R42 10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-73 R43 3,900 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-73 R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-97 R45 220,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-97 R46 360 Ohms, 1 W 19309-105 R46 360 Ohms, 1 W 19310-211 R47 27 Ohms, 1 W 19310-211 R48 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19310-11 R48 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19310-11 R49 (Part of R. F. Unit Assembly #26137) 19309-57 R49 10 Ohms, 1 W 19309-17 R50 4,000 Ohms, 10 W 19330-2 R51 1,000 Ohms, 15 W 19330-3 R52 2,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19330-3 R55 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19330-3 R55 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19330-3 R55 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-81 R56,57 470 K Ohms, 1/3 W 19317-238	
R36 R37 1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. R38 62,000 Ohms, 1 W. R39 Potentiometer, 10,000 Ohms R39 R40 R40 R41 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. R41 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. R42 10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. R43 R44 10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. R45 R46 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. R46 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. R47 R47 R48 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. R48 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. R49 R49 R40	10
R37 R38 R39 R39 Potentiometer, 10,000 Ohms R40 R30 Ohms, 1/2 W R41 R30 Ohms, 1/2 W R41 R31 R42 R42 R43 R43 R43 R43 R44 R44 R44 R44 R44 R45 R45 R45 R46 R47 R47 R47 R48 R48 R48 R49 R49 R49 R49 R40 R50 R55 R55 R50 R50 R50 R50 R50 R50 R5	
R38 62,000 Ohms, 1 W 19310-231 R39 Potentiometer, 10,000 Ohms 15367-1 R40 30 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-190 R41 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-85 R42 (Part of Z5, B. F. O. Assembly #26107). 19309-85 R43 3,900 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-73 R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-63 R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-97 R45 220,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-97 R46 360 Ohms, 1 W 19310-211 R47 27 Ohms, 1 W 19310-11 R48 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19310-11 R48 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19310-11 R49 (Part of R. F. Unit Assembly #26137). 19309-57 R49 (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) 19309-1 R50 4,000 Ohms, 10 W 19330-2 R51 1,000 Ohms, 15 W 19330-3 R52 2,000 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-81 R55 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-81 R56 (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) 19309-81 R57 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-81 R58 470 Ohms, 1/3 W 19309-81)
R40 R40 R41 R40 R41 R40 R41 R41 R40 R41 R41 R40 R41 R41 R40 R41 R41 R41 R41 R41 R42 R42 R42 R43 R43 R43 R43 R43 R44 R44 R44 R45 R45 R45 R45 R45 R46 R47 R47 R47 R47 R47 R47 R47 R47 R48 R49 R49 R55 R56 R56 R56 R56 R56 R56 R56 R56 R56	
R41 33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W (Part of Z5, B. F. O. Assembly #26107). 19309-85 R42 10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W (Part of B. F. O. Bracket Assembly #26029-G2) 19309-73 R43 3,900 Ohms, 1/2 W (Part of B. F. O. Bracket Assembly #26029-G2) 19309-63 R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-97 R45 220,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-105 R46 360 Ohms, 1 W. 19310-211 R47 27 Ohms, 1 W. 19310-211 R48 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W (Part of R. F. Unit Assembly #26137). 19309-57 R49 (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) 19309-1 R50 4,000 Ohms, 10 W. 19330-2 R51 1,000 Ohms, 15 W. 19330-3 R52 2,000 Ohms, 1/2 W (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) 19309-57 R55 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) 19309-81 R56,57 470 K Ohms, 1/3 W. 19317-238	
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R43 3,900 Ohms, 1/2 W (Part of B. F. O. Bracket Assembly #26029-G2) 19309-63 R44 100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-97 R45 220,000 Ohms, 1/2 W. 19309-105 R46 360 Ohms, 1 W. 19310-211 R47 27 Ohms, 1 W. 19310-211 R48 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W (Part of R. F. Unit Assembly #26137) 19309-57 R49 (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) 19309-1 R50 4,000 Ohms, 10 W. 19330-2 R51 1,000 Ohms, 15 W. 19330-3 R52 2,000 Ohms, 1/2 W (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) 19309-57 R55 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) 19309-57 R55 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) 19309-81 R56,57 470 K Ohms, 1/3 W. 19317-238	
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R45 R46 R46 R47 R47 R47 R47 R48 R48 R49 R49 R50 R51 R55 R55 R56, 57 R56 R56 R56 R50 R60 R60 R60 R60 R60 R60 R60 R60 R60 R6	
R46 R47 R48 27 Ohms, 1 W. R48 2, 200 Ohms, 1/2 W (Part of R. F. Unit Assembly #26137). R49 (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) R50 R50 R51 R51 R52 R52 (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) R55 R55 R55 R56, 57 R56, 57 R56 R56, 57 R57 R58 R58 R58 R58 R59 R59 R59 R59 R59 R50	
R47 R48 27 Ohms, 1 W (Part of R. F. Unit Assembly #26137). R49 (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) R50 R50 R51 R51 R52 (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) R55 (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) R57 (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) R58 (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) R59 (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) R50 R51 R52 R55 R55 R56,57 R56,57 R57 R58 R58 R58 R59	-
R48	
R49 (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) R50 4,000 Ohms, 10 W 19330-2 R51 1,000 Ohms, 15 W 19330-3 R52 2,000 Ohms, 1/2 W (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143) R55 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W 19309-57 R56,57 470 K Ohms, 1/3 W 19317-238	
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R50 4,000 Ohms, 10 W	
R51 1,000 Ohms, 15 W	
R52 2,000 Ohms, 1/2 W (Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143)	
(Part of H. F. Osc. Assembly #26143)	
R55 2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W	
R56, 57 470 K Ohms, 1/3 W	
	•
44 100 Summa 1/3 W	-
100 V Observe 1/9 tit	
R00, 01 2.2 Meg Ohms, 1/2 W	
R62 220 K Ohms, = 1/2 W	
R63 47-K Ohms, 1/2 W	•
103 No. 103 No	
1,500 Ohms, 1/2 W	
8,200 Ohms, 1/2 W	
R67, 68 Potentiometer 10,000 Ohms	

PARTS LIST HQ-150 (cont)

Schematic Designation	Description	Hammarlund Part No.
S1, F, R,	SWITCHES Crystal Selectivity	
S2	MAN-AVC-BFO	26161-1
S3	Limiter	15864-2
S4	Standby-Receive	15864-2
S5-1F, R	H. F. Osc. plate	6331
S5-2F, R	H. F. Osc. grid	6332
S5-3F, R	Detector grid tap	6064
S5-4F, R	R. F. plate	6063
S5-5F, R	R. F. grid	6063
S5-6F, R	Antenna	6062
S6	Power (Part of R36, Potentiometer #6095)	
S7	Calibrator	6098
S8	Q Multiplier	26217-1
	TRANSFORMERS AND IMPEDANCE ASSEMBLIES	
T5	Audio Output Transformer	6086-3
T6	Power Transformer	26109-1
Y1	Crystal, 455 kc	6338-1
Y2	Crystal, 100 kc	38661-1
Z1	1st I. F. Assembly, includes C10, C11, and T1	26121-G1
Z2	Crystal Filter Assembly (2nd I. F.), includes C16.	
Z3	C17, C18, C19, C20, C21, L2, R12, T2, and Y1	26125-G1
Z3 Z4	3rd I. F. Assembly, includes C26, C27, and T3	26123-G1
Z5	Final I.F. Assembly, includes C33, C34, R26, and T4	26112-G1
Z6	B. F.O. Assembly, includes C42, C43, C44, L3, and R41.	26105-G1
20	Crystal Calibrator Assembly, includes C77, C78, C79, C80,	
Z7	C81, R56, R57, R58, R59 and Y2	38653-G4
Es t	Q Multiplier Assembly, includes C82, C83, C84, C85, C86, C87, C88, L23, R60, R61, R62, R63, R64, R65, R66, R67, R68	
	and S8	26210_C1

NOTE: When ordering replacement parts refer to HQ-150, SER No. 2--, Stamped on chassis rear.

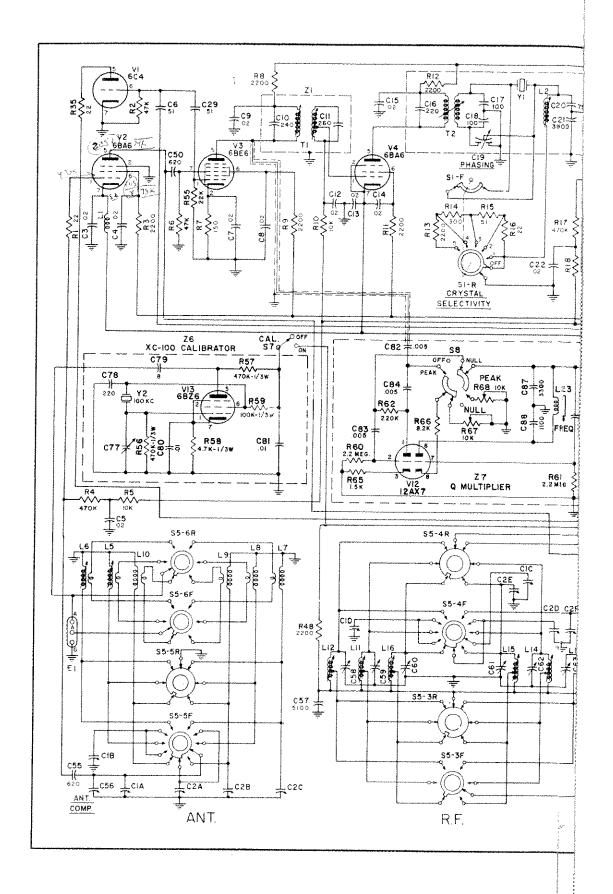
"ERRATA"

Page 20

R 39 Part No. Changed To 26218-4 R 50 Value Changed To 3K-Part No. Changed To 19330-6 Page 23, Schematic

R 50 Value Changed To 3K

^{*}Resistor R24, in some models of the HQ-150, will be a 2.5K Variable Resistor, in substitution for Resistors R23 and R24 as listed here.



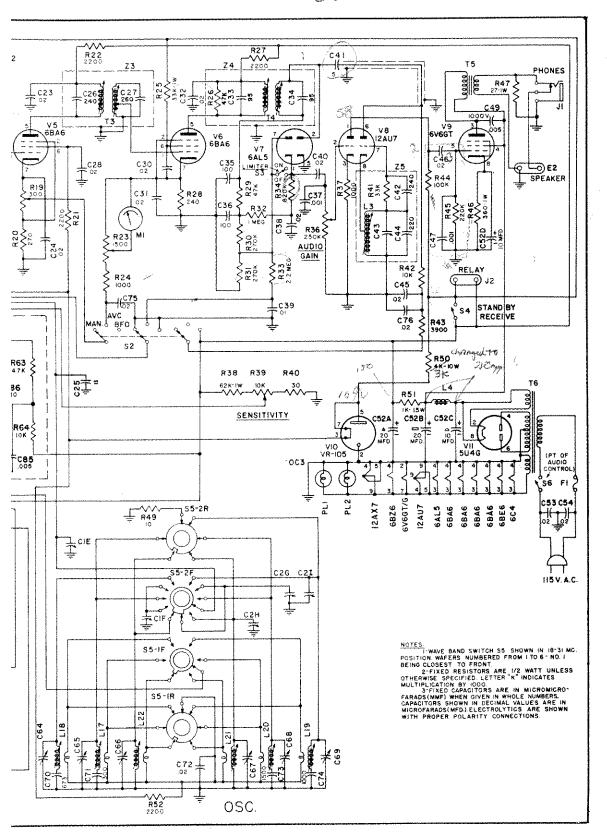


Figure 13. Hammarlund HQ-150 Receiver, Schematic Diagram